

## SKM 100 GB 125 DN

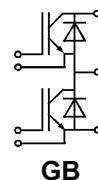
Absolute Maximum Ratings		Values	Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>		
V <sub>CES</sub>		1200	V
V <sub>CGR</sub>	R <sub>GE</sub> = 20 kΩ	1200	V
I <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25/80 °C	100 / 80	A
I <sub>CM</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25/80 °C; t <sub>p</sub> = 1 ms	200 / 160	A
V <sub>GES</sub>		± 20	V
P <sub>tot</sub>	per IGBT, T <sub>case</sub> = 25 °C	690	W
T <sub>j</sub> , (T <sub>stg</sub> )		-40 ... + 150 (125)	°C
V <sub>isol</sub>	AC, 1 min.	2500	V
humidity	IEC 60721-3-3	class 3K7/IE32	
climate	IEC 68 T.1	40/125/56	
Inverse Diode			
I <sub>F</sub> = -I <sub>C</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25/80 °C	95 / 65	A
I <sub>FM</sub> = -I <sub>CM</sub>	T <sub>case</sub> = 25/80 °C; t <sub>p</sub> = 1 ms	200 / 160	A
I <sub>FSM</sub>	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms; sin.; T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	720	A
I <sup>2</sup> t	t <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms; T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	2600	A <sup>2</sup> s

## SEMITRANS® M Ultra Fast IGBT Modules

### SKM 100 GB 125 DN



SEMITRANS 2N (low inductance)



Characteristics		min.	typ.	max.	Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>				
V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0, I <sub>C</sub> = 4 mA	≥ V <sub>CES</sub>			V
V <sub>GE(th)</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = V <sub>CE</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> = 2 mA	4,5	5,5	6,5	V
I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 { T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C	0,1	1,5		mA
	V <sub>CE</sub> = V <sub>CES</sub> } T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C	6			mA
I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 0			300	nA
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 75 A { V <sub>GE</sub> = 15 V; }	3,3	3,85		V
V <sub>CEsat</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 100 A { T <sub>j</sub> = 25 °C }	3,8			V
g <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 20 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 75 A	31			S
C <sub>CHC</sub>	per IGBT			350	pF
C <sub>ies</sub>	{ V <sub>GE</sub> = 0		5	6,6	nF
C <sub>oes</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 25 V		720	900	pF
C <sub>res</sub>	f = 1 MHz		380	500	pF
L <sub>CE</sub>				25	nH
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	{ V <sub>CC</sub> = 600 V	80			ns
t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> = -15 V / +15 V <sup>3)</sup>	40			ns
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 75 A, ind. load	360			ns
t <sub>f</sub>	R <sub>Gon</sub> = R <sub>Goff</sub> = 8 Ω	20			ns
E <sub>on</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C	9			mWs
E <sub>off</sub>		3,5			mWs
Inverse Diode <sup>8)</sup>					
V <sub>F</sub> = V <sub>EC</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 75 A { V <sub>GE</sub> = 0 V; }	2,0(1,8)	2,5		V
V <sub>F</sub> = V <sub>EC</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 100 A { T <sub>j</sub> = 25 (125) °C }	2,25(2,05)			V
V <sub>TO</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C		1,2		V
r <sub>t</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 125 °C	12	15		mΩ
I <sub>RRM</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 75 A; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 (125) °C <sup>2)</sup>	27(40)			A
Q <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 75 A; T <sub>j</sub> = 25 (125) °C <sup>2)</sup>	3(10)			μC
Thermal characteristics					
R <sub>thjc</sub>	per IGBT		0,18		°C/W
R <sub>thjc</sub>	per diode		0,50		°C/W
R <sub>thch</sub>	per module		0,05		°C/W

### Features

- N channel, homogeneous Si
- Low inductance case
- Short tail current** with low temperature dependence
- High short circuit capability, self limiting to 6 \* I<sub>cnom</sub>
- Fast & soft inverse CAL diodes <sup>8)</sup>
- Isolated copper baseplate using DCB Direct Copper Bonding Technology
- Large clearance (10 mm) and creepage distances (20 mm)

### Typical Applications

- Switched mode power supplies at f<sub>sw</sub> > 20 kHz
- Resonant inverters up to 100 kHz
- Inductive heating
- Electronic welders at f<sub>sw</sub> > 20 kHz

<sup>1)</sup> T<sub>case</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup> I<sub>F</sub> = -I<sub>C</sub>, V<sub>R</sub> = 600 V, -dI<sub>F</sub>/dt = 800 A/μs, V<sub>GE</sub> = 0 V

<sup>3)</sup> Use V<sub>GEoff</sub> = -5... -15 V

<sup>8)</sup> CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology

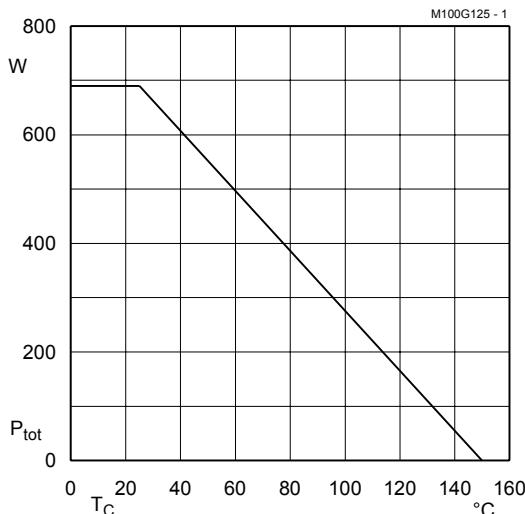


Fig. 1 Rated power dissipation  $P_{\text{tot}} = f (T_C)$

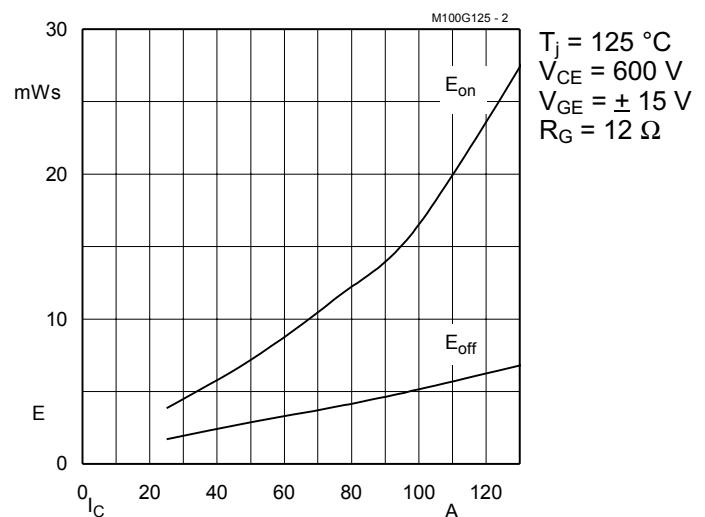


Fig. 2 Turn-on /-off energy = f ( $I_C$ )

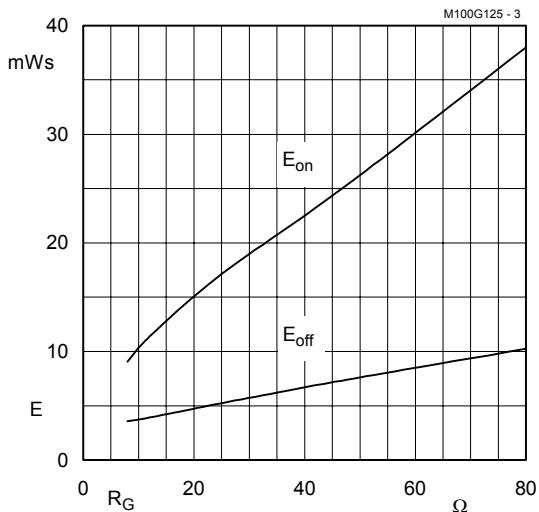


Fig. 3 Turn-on /-off energy = f ( $R_G$ )

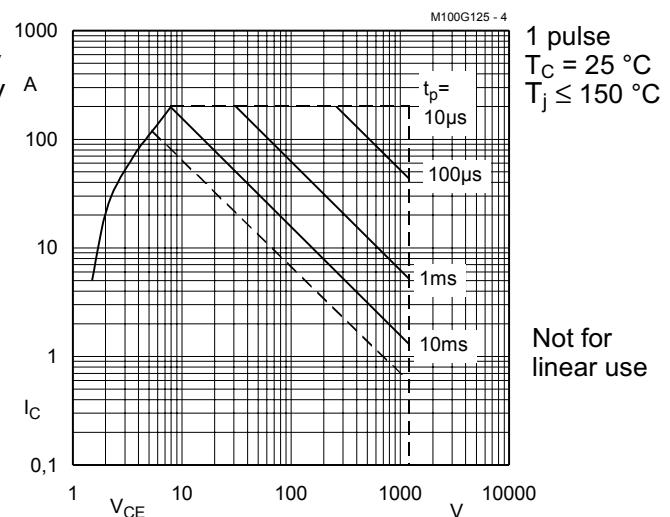


Fig. 4 Maximum safe operating area (SOA)  $I_C = f (V_{CE})$

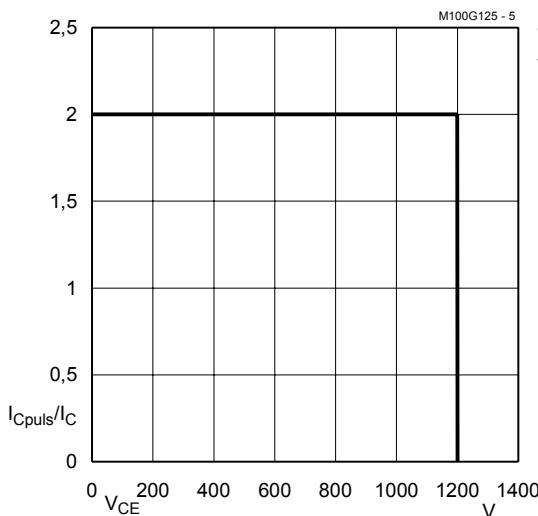


Fig. 5 Turn-off safe operating area (RBSOA)

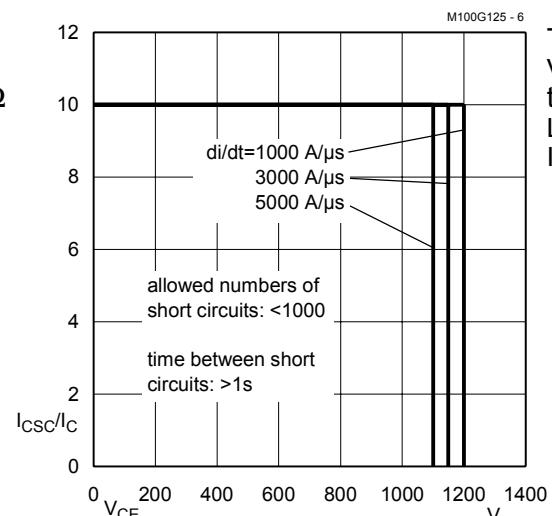


Fig. 6 Safe operating area at short circuit  $I_C = f (V_{CE})$

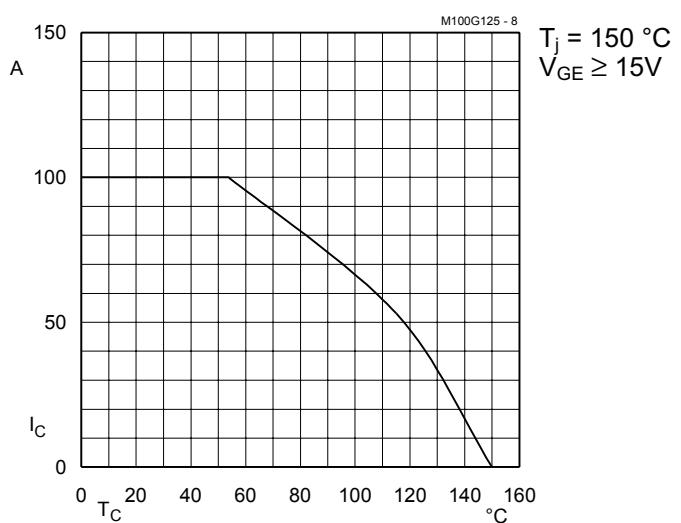


Fig. 8 Rated current vs. temperature  $I_C = f(T_C)$

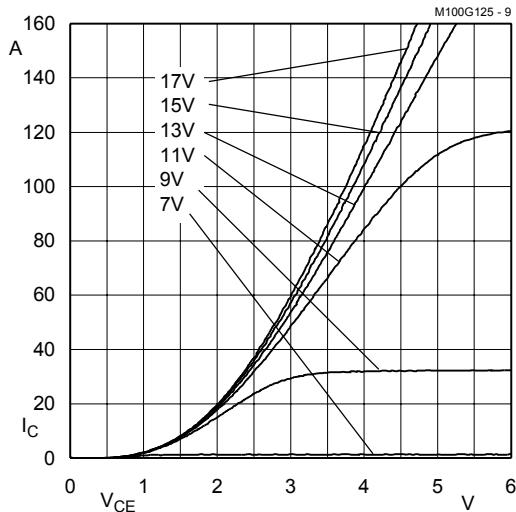


Fig. 9 Typ. output characteristic,  $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}; 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

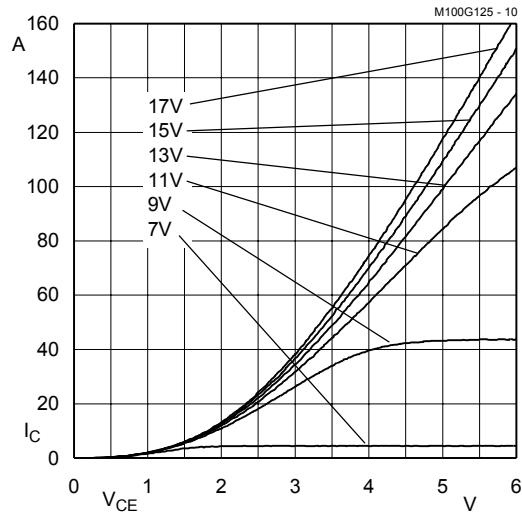


Fig. 10 Typ. output characteristic,  $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}; 125 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$$P_{cond(t)} = V_{CEsat(t)} \cdot I_{C(t)}$$

$$V_{CEsat(t)} = V_{CE(TO)(Tj)} + r_{CE(Tj)} \cdot I_{C(t)}$$

$$V_{CE(TO)(Tj)} \leq 1,4 + 0,003 (T_j - 25) [\text{V}]$$

$$\text{typ.: } r_{CE(Tj)} = 0,0253 + 0,000067 (T_j - 25) [\Omega]$$

$$\text{max.: } r_{CE(Tj)} = 0,0307 + 0,00004 (T_j - 25) [\Omega]$$

valid for  $V_{GE} = + 15^{+2}_{-1} \text{ [V]}$ ;  $I_C > 0,3 I_{Cnom}$

Fig. 11 Saturation characteristic (IGBT)  
Calculation elements and equations

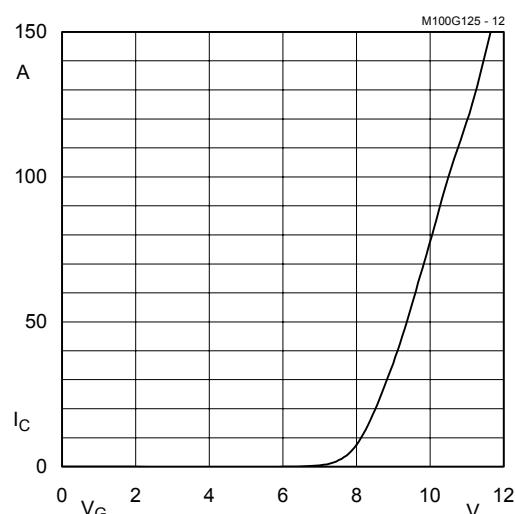


Fig. 12 Typ. transfer characteristic,  $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{V}$

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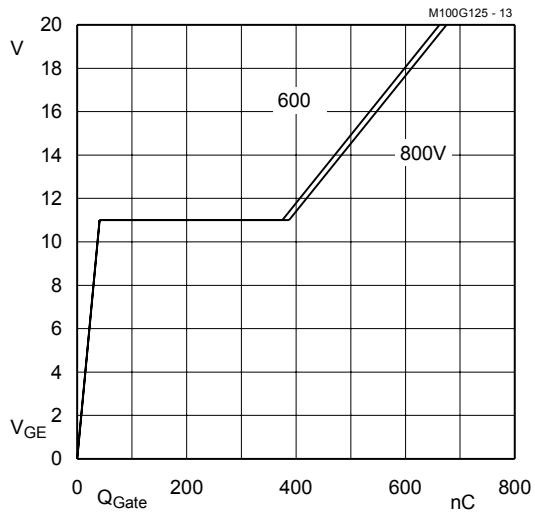


Fig. 13 Typ. gate charge characteristic

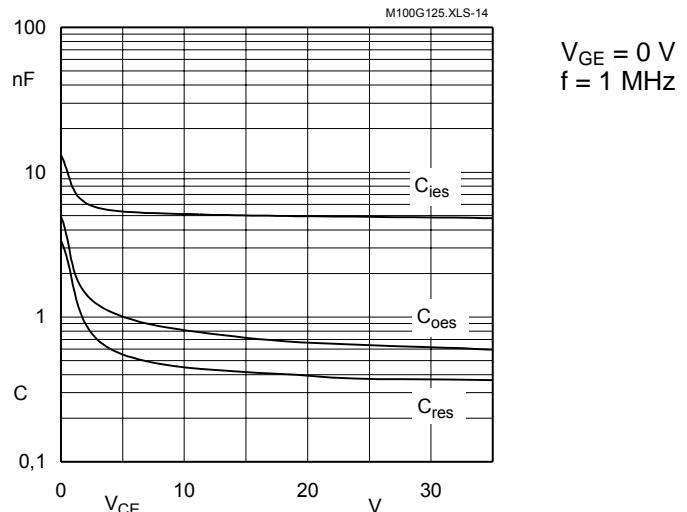


Fig. 14 Typ. capacitances vs. $V_{CE}$

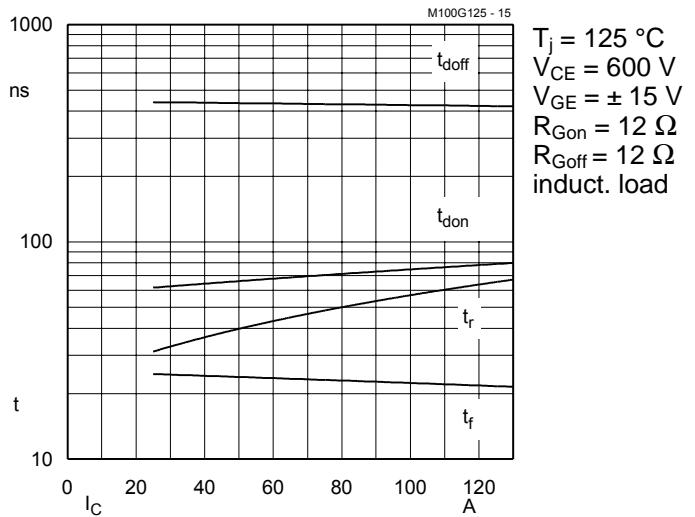


Fig. 15 Typ. switching times vs.  $I_C$

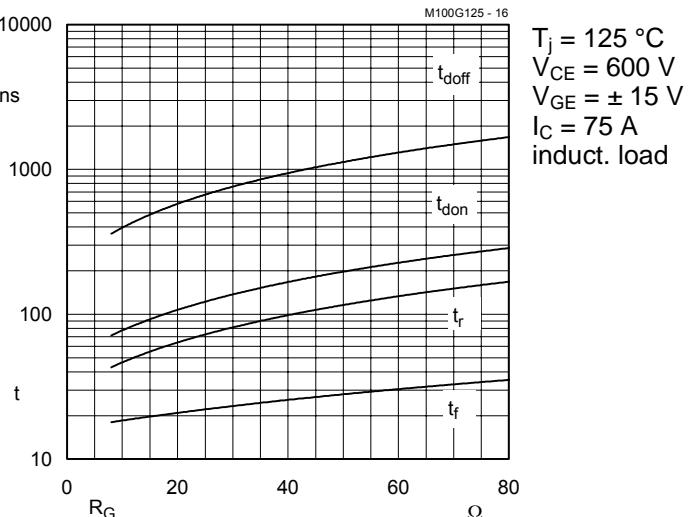


Fig. 16 Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor  $R_G$

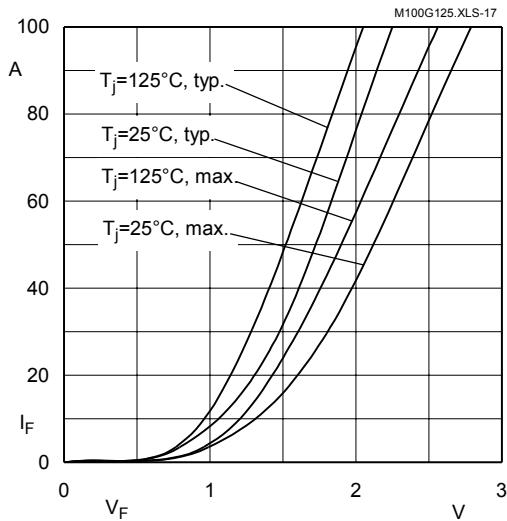


Fig. 17 Typ. CAL diode forward characteristic

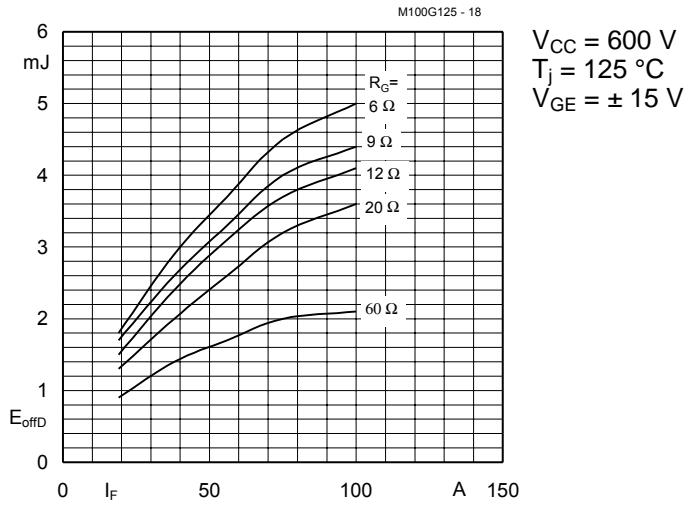


Fig. 18 Diode turn-off energy dissipation per pulse

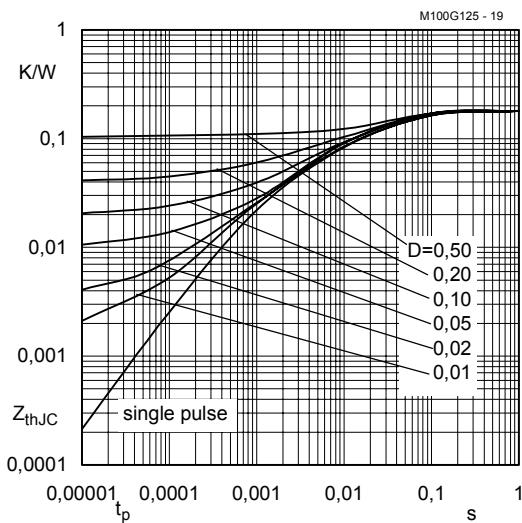


Fig. 19 Transient thermal impedance of IGBT  
 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$ ;  $D = t_p / t_c = t_p \cdot f$

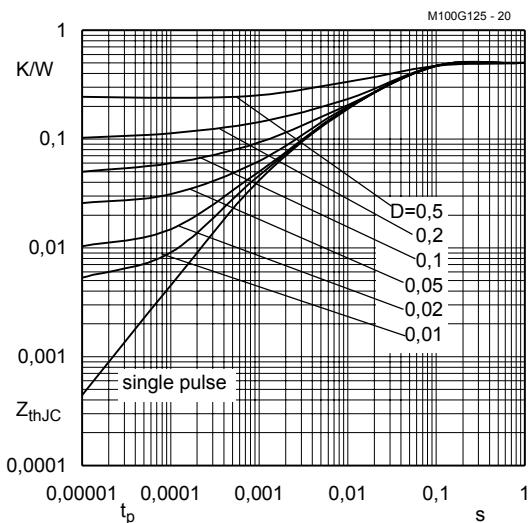


Fig. 20 Transient thermal impedance of  
 inverse CAL diodes  $Z_{thjc} = f(t_p)$ ;  $D = t_p / t_c = t_p \cdot f$

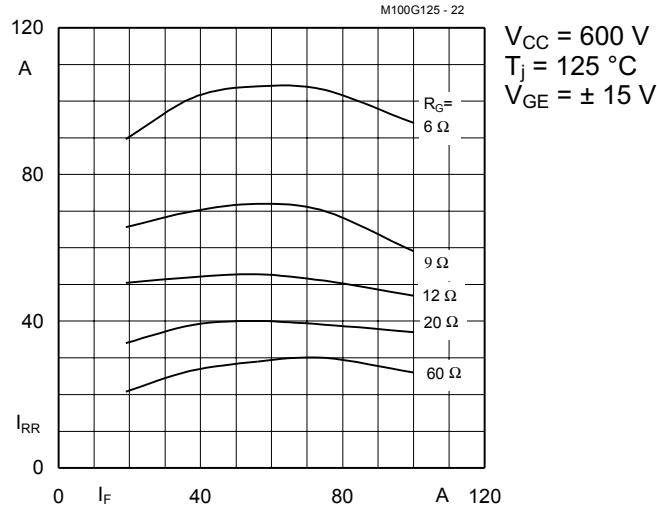


Fig. 22 Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current  $I_{RR} = f(I_F; R_G)$

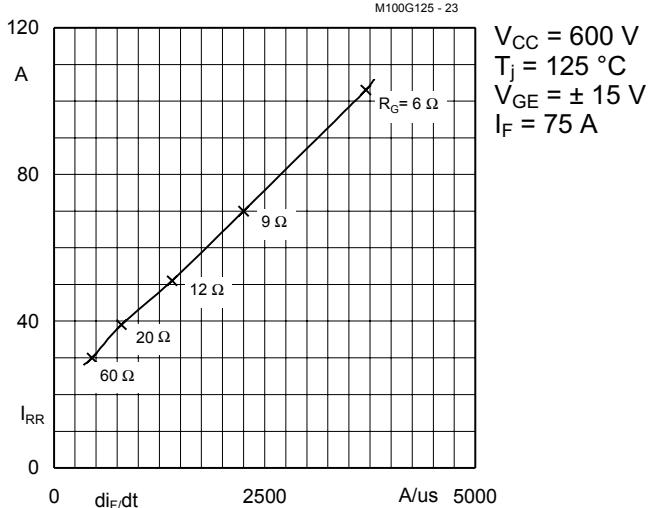


Fig. 23 Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current  $I_{RR} = f(di/dt)$

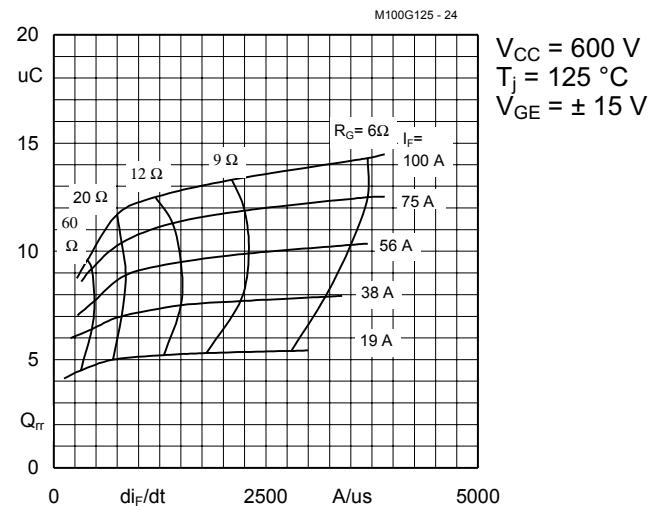


Fig. 24 Typ. CAL diode recovered charge  $Q_{rr} = f(di/dt)$

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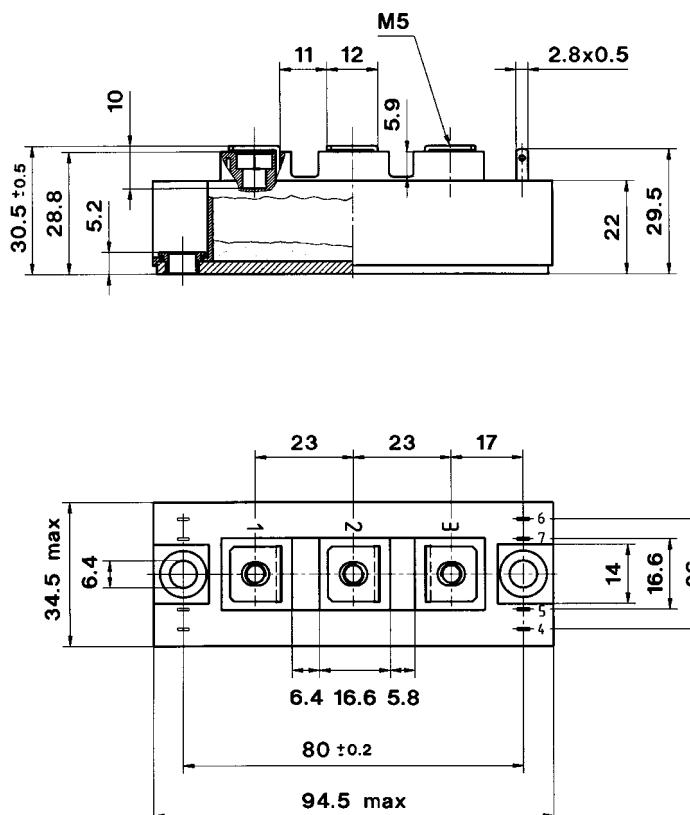
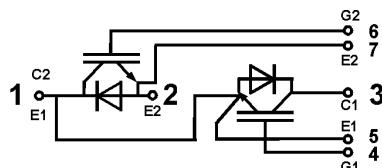
## SEMITRANS 2N (low inductance)

Case D 93

UL Recognized

File no. E 63 532

## SKM 100 GB 125 DN



Dimensions in mm

Case outline and circuit diagram

## Mechanical Data

### Symbol Conditions

	Values	Units		
	min.	typ.	max.	

M <sub>1</sub>	to heatsink, SI Units to heatsink, US Units	(M6)	3 27	— —	5 44	Nm lb.in.
M <sub>2</sub>	for terminals, SI Units for terminals, US Units	(M5)	2,5 22	— —	5 44	Nm lb.in.
a			—	—	5x9,81	m/s <sup>2</sup>
w			—	—	160	g

This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS). Please observe the international standard IEC 747-1, Chapter IX.

Eight devices are supplied in one SEMIBOX A without mounting hardware, which can be ordered separately under Ident No. 33321100 (for 10 SEMITRANS 2)

Larger packing units of 20 and 42 pieces are used if suitable

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