

# **HY5164** 65,536 × 1-Bit Dynamic RAM

**OCTOBER 1986** 

#### DESCRIPTION

The HY5164 is a high speed 65,536 bit dynamic Random Access Memory. Fast page mode has the features of fast usable speed, low power, and a typical soft error rate of less than 10 Failures In Time (FITs). The HY5164 is ideally suited for applications such as graphic display terminals, and any application where high performance is required.

## FEATURING FAST PAGE MODE OPERATION

Fast page mode operation allows access of up to 256 bits at a 80 ns/bit rate with random or sequential addresses within a single row. Thus, a continuous data rate of over 12 million bits per second can be achieved. The HY5164 offers high performance with relaxed system timing requirements for fast usable speed. In addition, the fast  $\overline{RAS}$  and  $\overline{CAS}$  access times are compatible with high performance microprocessors without using WAIT state operation.

The HY5164 comes in either a 16-pin plastic or ceramic dual in-line package. All inputs, outputs and control signals are TTL compatible.

#### **FEATURES**

- **▲** CMOS Technology
- ▲ Power dissipation for the HY5164-12
  - operating power

220 mW (max.)

standby power, TTL

8.3 mW (max.)

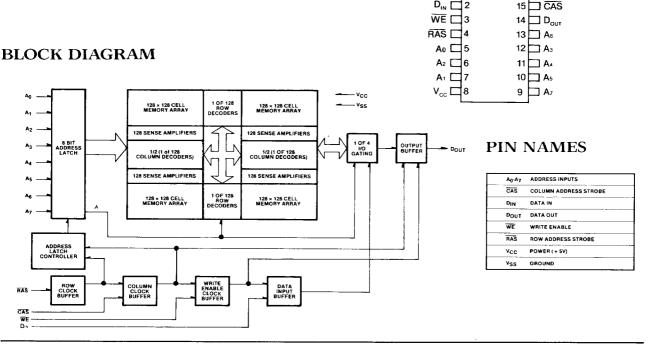
- ▲ Refresh period 4ms/256 cycles.
- ▲ Typical soft error rate less than 10 FITs (0.001%/1000 hours)
- ▲ Fast page mode operation for a sustained data rate up to 12.4 MHz for HY5164-10

	HY5164-10	HY5164-12	HY5164-15
Maximum Access Time (ns)	100	120	150
Minimum Cycle Time (ns)	190	220	260
Maximum Column Address Access Time (ns)	65	80	95

16 🗖 V<sub>ss</sub>

#### PIN CONNECTIONS

N/C □1



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#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ambient Temperature Under Bias	-10° to +80°C
Storage Temperature	Plastic - 55°C to + 125°C
Voltage on Any Pin except V <sub>CC</sub> Relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	- 1.0V to 7.0V
Voltage on $V_{CC}$ Relative to $V_{SS}$	-1.0V to 7.0V
Data Out Current	50mA
Power Dissipation	1.0W

Stresses at or above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

#### D.C. AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1</sup>

 $T_A\!=\!0\,^{\circ}C$  to  $70\,^{\circ}C$  ,  $V_{CC}\!=\!5V\pm10\%$  ,  $V_{SS}\!=\!0V$  , unless otherwise noted.

	HY5164			UNIT	TEST CONDITIONS	NOTES		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	SPEED	Min.	Typ. <sup>2</sup>	Max.	UNII	TEST CONDITIONS	NOTE
I <sub>LI</sub>	Input Leakage Current (any input)				10	μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$	
Output Leakage Current for High Impedance State					10	μΑ	$\overline{RAS}$ at $V_{IH}$ . $\overline{CAS}$ at $V_{IH}$ . $D_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$ .	
		- 10		30	40		•	
$I_{CC1}$	$V_{CC}$ Supply Current, $-12$ 25 37 Operating		mA	$t_{RC} = t_{RC}(min)$	3,4			
	Operating	-15		20	32			
$I_{CC2}$	I <sub>CC2</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current, TTL Standby			1	3	mA	$\overline{\text{CAS}}$ and $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ at $V_{\text{IH}}$ , all other inputs $\geq -0.5 \text{V}$	
		- 10		30	40	mA		
$I_{CC3}$	V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current, RAS-Only Cycle	- 12		25	37		$t_{RC} = t_{RC}(min)$	4
	RAS-Only Cycle	- 15		20	32		and the second s	
	•	- 10		30	40			
$I_{CC4}$	V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current, Fast page mode	- 12		25	37	mA	$t_{PC} = t_{PC}(min)$	3,4
	rast page mode	- 15		20	32			
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage (all inputs)		-1.0		0.8	v		5
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage (all inputs)	1	2.4		V <sub>CC</sub> + 1	V		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage				0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 4.2 \text{ mA}$	6
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage		2.4			V	$I_{OH} = -5mA$	6

#### NOTES:

All voltages referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>.
 Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C and nominal supply voltages.
 I<sub>CC</sub> is dependent on output loading when the device output is selected. Specified I<sub>CC</sub> (max) is measured with the output open.
 I<sub>CC</sub> (max) is dependent upon the number of address transitions while CAS is at V<sub>IH</sub>. Specified I<sub>CC</sub> (max) is measured within a maximum of

two transitions per address input per random cycle, one transition per access cycle for Fast page mode.

Specified V<sub>IL</sub> (min) is steady state operation. During transitions, the inputs may overshoot to - 2.0V for periods not to exceed 20 ns.
 Test conditions apply only for D.C. characteristics. A.C. parameters

specified with a load equivalent to two TTL loads and 100 pF.

#### CAPACITANCE1

 $T_A = 25$ °C,  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ , unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
C <sub>IN1</sub>	Address, Data In		5	pF
C <sub>IN2</sub>	RAS, CAS, WE	_	7	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Data Out	***	7	pF

#### NOTES:

1. Capacitance measured with Boonton Meter or effective capacitance calculated from the equation:

$$C = \frac{1\Delta t}{\Delta V}$$

with  $\Delta V$  equal to 3 volts and power supplies at nominal levels.

#### A.C. CHARACTERISTICS<sup>1,2,3</sup>

 $T_A = 0$ °C to 70°C,  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $V_{SS} = 0V$ , unless otherwise noted.

#### READ, WRITE, READ-MODIFY-WRITE AND REFRESH CYCLES

(See waveforms A to G)

civi en o i	DADAMENED	HY51	164-10	HY5164-12		HY5164-15		– UNIT	NOTES
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	UNII	NOTES
t <sub>RAC</sub>	Access Time From RAS		100		120		150	ns	4,5
t <sub>CAC</sub>	Access Time From CAS		50		60		70	ns	5,6,7
t <sub>CAA</sub>	Access Time From Column Address		65		80		95	ns	
t <sub>REF</sub>	Time Between Refresh		4		4		4	ms	
t <sub>RP</sub>	RAS Precharge Time	80		90	-	100		ns	
t <sub>CPN</sub>	CAS Precharge Time	20		20		20		ns	
t <sub>CRP</sub>	CAS to RAS Precharge Time	0		0		0		ns	
t <sub>RCD</sub>	RAS to CAS Delay Time	25	50	30	60	35	80	ns	8
t <sub>CSH</sub>	CAS Hold Time	100		120		150		ns	
t <sub>ASR</sub>	Row Address Set-up Time	0		0		0		ns	
t <sub>RAH</sub>	Row Address Hold Time	15		20		25		ns	
t <sub>ASC</sub>	Column Address Set-up Time	0		0		0		ns	
t <sub>CAH</sub>	Column Address Hold Time	15		20		25		ns	
t <sub>T</sub>	Transition Time (Rise and Fall)	3	50	3	50	3	50	ns	9
t <sub>OFF</sub>	Output Buffer Turn Off Delay	0	25	0	30	0	35	ns	

#### NOTES:

 All Voltages referenced to V<sub>ss</sub>.
 An initial pause of 100 microseconds is required after power up followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a RAS clock, such as RAS-only refresh).
 Eight initialization cycles are required after extended periods of bias without clocks (greater than 4 ms for the HY5164).

3. A.C. characteristics assume  $t_T = 5$  ns. 4. Assumes that  $t_{RCD} \le t_{RCD}$  (max). If  $t_{RCD} > t_{RCD}$  (max) then  $t_{RAC}$  will increase by the amount that  $t_{RCD}$  exceeds  $t_{RCD}$  (max).

- 5. Load = 2 TTL loads and 100 pF.

6. Assumes  $t_{RCD} \ge t_{RCD}$  (max). 7. If  $t_{ASC} < [t_{CAA}(max) - t_T]$ , then access time is defined by t<sub>CAA</sub> rather than by t<sub>CAC</sub>

8.  $t_{RCD}$  (max) is specified for reference only. 9.  $t_T$  is measured between  $V_{IH}$ (min) and  $V_{IL}$ (max).

## A.C. CHARACTERISTICS (CONT'D.)

#### READ AND REFRESH CYCLES

(See Waveforms A,C,D,E and G)

		HY5164-10		HY5164-12		HY5164-15		FIRTER	NOME
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	UNIT	NOTES
t <sub>RC</sub>	Random Read Cycle Time	190	4	220		260		ns	
t <sub>RAS</sub>	RAS Pulse Width	100	75000	120	75000	150	75000	ns	
t <sub>CAS(R)</sub>	CAS Pulse Width (Read Cycle)	50	75000	60	75000	70	75000	ns	
t <sub>RSH(R)</sub>	RAS Hold Time (Read Cycle)	50		60		70		ns	
t <sub>RCS</sub>	Read Command Set-up Time	0		0		0		ns	
t <sub>RCH</sub>	Read Command Hold Time Referenced to CAS	0		0		0		ns	10
t <sub>RRH</sub>	Read Command Hold Time Referenced to RAS	20		20		20		ns	10
t <sub>CAR</sub>	Column Address to RAS Set-up Time	65		80		100		ns	

#### WRITE CYCLE

(See Waveforms B,C,F and G)

		HY5	164-10	HY5164-12		HY5164-15		TIMITE	* COMPC
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	UNIT	NOTES
t <sub>RC</sub>	Random Write Cycle Time	190		220		260		ns	
t <sub>RAS</sub>	RAS Pulse Width	100	75000	120	75000	150	75000	ns	
t <sub>CAS(W)</sub>	CAS Pulse Width (Write Cycle)	50	75000	60	75000	70	75000	ns	
t <sub>RSH(W)</sub>	RAS Hold Time (Write Cycle)	50		. 60		70		ns	
t <sub>wcs</sub>	Write Command Set-up Time	0		-10		- 10		ns	11
t <sub>WCH</sub>	Write Command Hold Time	30		35		40		ns	
t <sub>WP</sub>	Write Command Pulse Width	30		35		40		ns	
t <sub>RWL</sub>	Write Command to RAS Lead Time	30		35		40		ns	
t <sub>CWL</sub>	Write Command to CAS Lead Time	30		35		40	4.15	ns	
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data-In Set-Up Time	0		0		0		ns	
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data-In Hold Time	30		35		40		ns	

Bither t<sub>RCH</sub> or t<sub>RRH</sub> must be satisfied.
 t<sub>WCS</sub>,t<sub>RWD</sub>, t<sub>CWD</sub> and t<sub>AWD</sub> are specified as reference points only. If t<sub>WCS</sub> = t<sub>WCS</sub>(min) the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out pin will remain high impedance throughout the entire cycle. If t<sub>CWD</sub> ≥ t<sub>CWD</sub>(min) and t<sub>RWD</sub> ≥ (min) and t<sub>AWD</sub> ≥ t<sub>AWD</sub> (min) the cycle is a read-modify-write cycle and the date out will contain the data read from the selected address. If none of the above conditions is satisfied, the condition of the data out is indeterminate.

#### A.C. CHARACTERISTICS (CONT'D.)

#### **READ-MODIFY-WRITE CYCLE**

(See Waveforms C and G)

CVMDOI	DAD ABSETTED	HY5164-10		HY5164-12		HY5164-15		UNIT	NOTES
SIMBOL	PARAMETER	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	UNII	NOTES
t <sub>RWC</sub>	Read-Modify-Write Cycle Time	225		260		305		ns	
t <sub>RRW</sub>	RMW Cycle RAS Pulse Width	135	75000	160	75000	195	75000	ns	
t <sub>CRW</sub>	RMW Cycle CAS Pulse Width	65	75000	70	75000	<i>7</i> 5	75000	ns	
t <sub>RWD</sub>	RAS to WE Delay	100		120		150		ns	11
t <sub>CWD</sub>	CAS to WE Delay	30		30		30		ns	11
t <sub>AWD</sub>	Column Address to WE Delay	35		45	. 34.	55		ns	11

#### FAST PAGE MODE\* CYCLE<sup>12</sup>

(See Waveforms E,F and G)

CVAIDOL	SYMBOL PARAMETER		HY5164-10		HY5164-12		HY5164-15		UNIT	MOTES
STRIBUL			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	UNII	NOTES
t <sub>CAP</sub>	Access Time Fro	m Column Precharge		75		90		105	ns	
t <sub>PC</sub>	Fast page mode	Read or Write Cycle Time	80		95		110		ns	
t <sub>CP</sub>	Fast page mode	CAS Precharge Time	20		25		30		ns	
t <sub>RPM</sub>	Fast page mode	RAS Pulse Width		75000		75000		75000	ns	
t <sub>PCM</sub>	Fast page mode Cycle Time	Read-Modify-Write	100		. 115		130	-	ns	

#### NOTES:

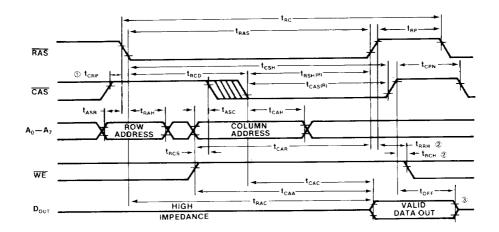
is satisfied, the condition of the data out is indeterminate.

12. All previously specified A.C. characteristics are applicable.

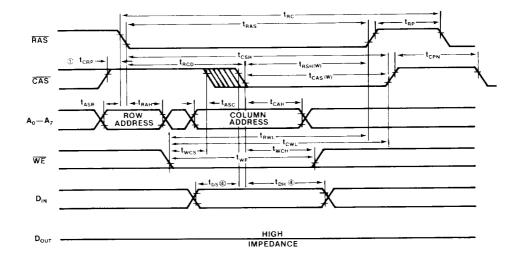
<sup>11.</sup>  $t_{WCS}$ ,  $t_{RWD}$ ,  $t_{CWD}$ , and  $t_{AWD}$  are specified as reference points only. If  $t_{WCS} \ge t_{WCS}$  (min) the cycle is an early write cycle and the data out pin will remain high impedance throughot the entire cycle. If  $t_{CWD} \ge t_{CWD}$  (min) and  $t_{RWD} \ge t_{RWD}$  (min) and  $t_{AWD} \ge t_{AWD}$  (min) the cycle is a read-modify-write cycle and the data out will contain the data read from the selected address. If none of the above conditions is satisfied, the condition of the data out is indeterminate.

#### **WAVEFORMS**

#### A. READ CYCLE



#### **B. WRITE CYCLE**



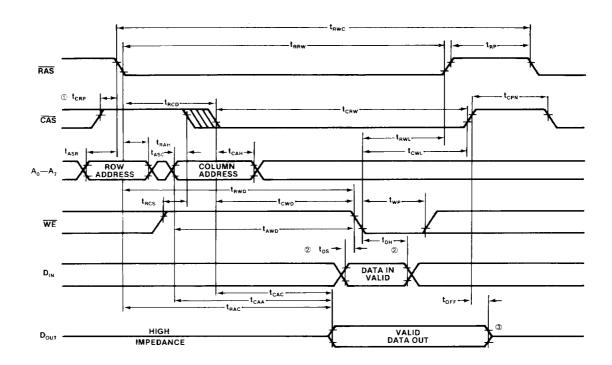
#### NOTES:

- 1. t<sub>CRP</sub> requirement is only applicable for RAS/CAS cycles preceded by a CAS-only cycle (i.e., for systems where CAS has not been decoded with RAS).

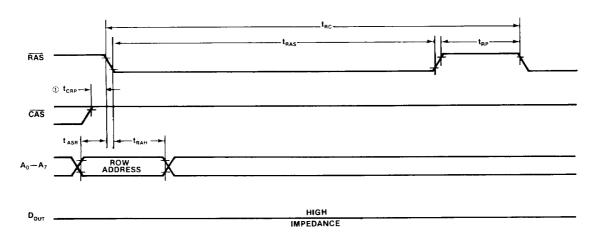
- 2. Either  $t_{RCH}$  or  $t_{RRH}$  must be satisfied 3.  $t_{OFF}$  is measured to  $I_{OCT} \le |I_{LO}|$ .
  4.  $t_{DS}$  and  $t_{DH}$  are referenced to  $\overline{CAS}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ , whichever occurs last.

#### WAVEFORMS (CONT'D.)

#### C. READ-MODIFY-WRITE CYCLE



#### D. RAS-ONLY REFRESH CYCLE



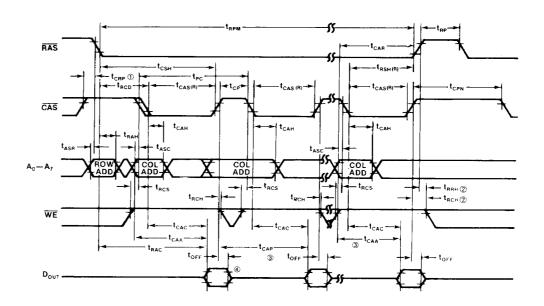
#### NOTES:

- 1. t<sub>CRP</sub> requirement is only applicable for RAS/CAS cycles preceded by a CAS-only cycle (i.e., for systems where CAS has not been decoded with RAS).
- 2.  $t_{DS}$  and  $t_{DH}$  are referenced to  $\overline{CAS}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ , whichever occurs last.
- 3.  $t_{OFF}$  is measured to  $I_{OUT} \le |I_{LO}|$ .

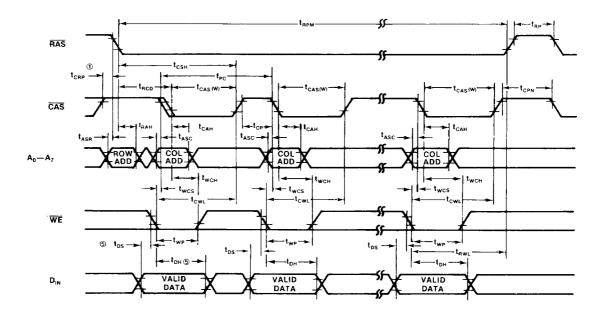
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### WAVEFORMS (CONT'D.)

#### E. FAST PAGE MODE READ CYCLE



#### F. FAST PAGE MODE WRITE CYCLE



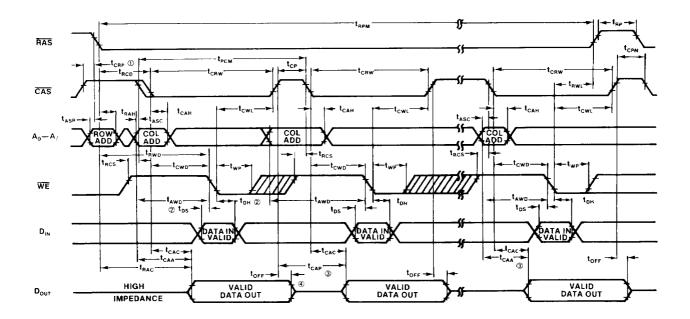
#### NOTES:

- 1.  $t_{CRP}$  requirement is only applicable for  $\overline{RAS/CAS}$  cycles preceded by a  $\overline{CAS}$ -only cycle (i.e., for systems where  $\overline{CAS}$  has not been decoded with  $\overline{RAS}$ ).
- Either t<sub>RCH</sub> or t<sub>RRH</sub> must be satisfied.
   Access time is t<sub>CAP</sub> or t<sub>CAA</sub> dependent, see Fast page mode discussion on pages 10 and 11.
- 4.  $t_{OFF}$  is measured to  $I_{OUT} \le |I_{LO}|$ . 5.  $t_{DS}$  and  $t_{DH}$  are referenced to  $\overline{CAS}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ , whichever occurs last.

#### **HYUNDAI SEMICONDUCTOR**

### WAVEFORMS (CONT'D.)

#### G, FAST PAGE MODE READ-MODIFY-WRITE CYCLE



#### NOTES:

- 1. t<sub>CRP</sub> requirement is only applicable for RAS/CAS cycles preceded by a CAS-only cycle (i.e., for systems where CAS has not been decoded with RAS).
- 2.  $t_{DS}$  and  $t_{DH}$  are referenced to  $\overline{CAS}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ , whichever occurs last.
- Access time is t<sub>CAP</sub> or t<sub>CAA</sub> dependent, see Fast page mode discussion on pages 10 and 11.
- 4.  $t_{OFF}$  is measured to  $I_{OUT} \le |I_{LO}|$ .

#### RAS/CAS TIMING

RAS and  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  have minimum pulse widths as defined by  $t_{\text{RAS}}$  and  $t_{\text{CAS}}$  respectively. These minimum pulse widths must be maintained for proper device operation and data integrity. A cycle, once begun by brining  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  and/or  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  low, must not be ended or aborted prior to fulfilling the minimum clock signal pulse width(s). A new cycle cannot begin until the minimum precharge time,  $t_{\text{RP}}$ , has been met.

#### **READ CYCLE**

A Read cycle is performed by maintaining Write Enable (WE) high during a RAS/CAS operation. The output pin of a selected device will remain in a high impedance state until valid data appears at the output at access time.

#### WRITE CYCLE

A Write cycle is performed by taking  $\overline{WE}$  low during a  $\overline{RAS}/\overline{CAS}$  operation. Data Input  $\{D_{IN}\}$  must be valid relative to the falling edge of  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CAS}$ , whichever transition occurs last.

#### REFRESH CYCLE

To retain data, a refresh operation is performed by clocking each of the 256 row addresses (A0 through A7) with  $\overline{RAS}$  at least every 4 milliseconds.  $\overline{CAS}$  can remain high (inactive) for this sequence. Any cycle, Read, Write, Read-Modify-Write, or  $\overline{RAS}$ -only, will refresh the memory.

#### FAST PAGE MODE

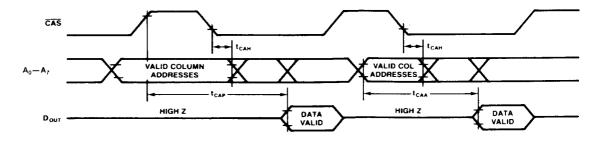
Fast page mode operation permits all 256 columns within the selected row of the selected device to be accessed at a high data rate. Maintaining  $\overline{RAS}$  low while successive  $\overline{CAS}$  cycles are performed, retains the row address internally, eliminating the need to reapply it. The column address buffer acts as a transparent latch while  $\overline{CAS}$  is high. Access begins from valid column addresses rather than from  $\overline{CAS}$ , eliminating  $t_{ASC}$  and  $t_{T}$  from the critical timing path.  $\overline{CAS}$  latches the addresses into the column address buffer and serves as an output enable.

During this operation Read, Write, or Read-Modify-Write cycles are possible at random or sequential addresses within the row. Following the entry cycle into Fast page mode operation, access time is  $t_{CAA}$  or  $t_{CAP}$  dependent. If the column addresses are valid prior to or coincident with the rising edge of  $\overline{CAS}$ , then the access time is determined by the rising edge of  $\overline{CAS}$  specified by  $t_{CAP}$  (see Figure 1.) If the column and addresses are valid after the rising edge of  $\overline{CAS}$ , then the access time is determined by the valid column addresses specified by  $t_{CAA}$ . For both cases, the falling edge of  $\overline{CAS}$  latches the addresses and enables the output.

Fast page mode operation provides a sustained data rate beyond 12MHz for applications that require high data bandwidth, such as bit mapped graphics. The following formula can be used to calculate the data rate:

Data Rate = 
$$\frac{256}{t_{RC} + 255 t_{PC}}$$

FIGURE 1. FAST PAGE MODE ACCESS TIME DETERMINATION



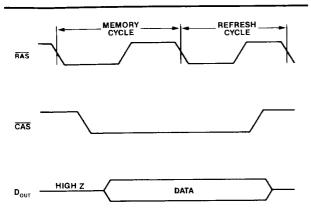
HYUNDAI SEMICONDUCTOR 10

#### **HIDDEN REFRESH**

A standard feature of the HY5164 is that refresh cycles may be performed while maintaining valid data at the output pin. This is referred to as Hidden Refresh. Hidden Refresh is performed by holding  $\overline{CAS}$  at  $V_{IL}$  and taking  $\overline{RAS}$  high and, after a specified precharge period  $[t_{RP}]$ , executing a " $\overline{RAS}$ -Only" refresh cycle, but with  $\overline{CAS}$  held low (see Figure 2).

This feature allows a refresh cycle to be "hidden" among data cycles without affecting the data availability. The part will be internally refreshed at the row addressed at the time of the second RAS.

#### FIGURE 2. HIDDEN REFRESH CYCLE



#### DATA OUT OPERATION

The HY5164 Data Output  $\{D_{OUT}\}$ , which has three-state capability, is controlled by  $\overline{CAS}$ . During  $\overline{CAS}$  high state  $\{\overline{CAS} \text{ at } V_{IH}\}$ , the output is in the high impedance state. The following table summarizes the  $D_{OUT}$  state for various types of cycles.

## HY5164 DATA OUTPUT OPERATION FOR VARIOUS TYPES OF CYCLES

TYPE OF CYCLE	D <sub>OUT</sub> STATE
Read Cycle	Data from Addressed
-	Memory Cell
Early Write Cycle	Hi-Z
RAS-Only Refresh Cycle	Hi-Z
CAS-Only Cycle	Hi-Z
Read-Modify-Write Cycle	Data from Addressed
•	Memory Cell
Delayed Write Cycle	Indeterminate

#### **POWER ON**

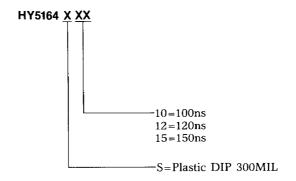
An initial pause of 100  $\mu s$  is required after the application of the  $V_{CC}$  supply, followed by a minimum of eight initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a  $\overline{RAS}$  clock, such as  $\overline{RAS}$ -only refresh). Eight initialization cycles are required after extended periods of bias without clocks (greater than 4 ms for the HY5164).

If  $\overline{RAS}=V_{SS}$  during power on, the device will go into an active cycle and  $I_{CC}$  would show current transients similar to those shown for the  $\overline{RAS}/\overline{CAS}$  timings. It is recommended that  $\overline{RAS}$  and  $\overline{CAS}$  track with  $V_{CC}$  or be held at a valid  $V_{IH}$  during power on.

#### PACKAGE OUTLINE

#### 16 PIN PLASTIC ITEM MILLIMETERS INCHES 0.750 19.05 В 0.635 0.025 C 2.54 0.100 D 0.457 0.018 17.78 0.700 E 1.524 0.060 G 3.302 0.130 Н 0.508 0.020 3.302 0.130 3.81 0.150 K 7.62 0.300 6.35 0.250 M 0.254 0.010

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**





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