

PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection

Leaded disks, coated, 12 V

Series/Type: B599*5 Date: November 2009

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Overcurrent protection

Leaded disks, coated, 12 V

Applications

- Overcurrent protection
- Short circuit protection

Features

- Lead-free terminals
- Manufacturer's logo and type designation stamped on in yellow
- Low resistance
- For rated currents of up to 2.1 A
- High thermal stability
- UL approval to UL 1434 (file number E69802)
- VDE approval (license number 104843 E)
- RoHS-compatible

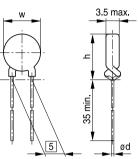
Options

- Leadless disks and leaded disks without coating available on request
- Thermistors with diameter w ≤11.0 mm are also available on tape (to IEC 60286-2)

Delivery mode

- Cardboard strips (standard)
- Cardboard tape reeled or in Ammo pack on request

General technical data



TPT0647-V

Dimensions (mm)

Туре	W _{max}	h _{max}	Ød
C935	22.0	25.5	0.6
C945	17.5	21.0	0.6
C955	13.5	17.0	0.6
C965	11.0	14.5	0.6
C975	9.0	12.5	0.6
C985	6.5	10.0	0.6
C995	4.0	7.5	0.5

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Max. operating voltage	(T _A = 60 °C)	V _{max}	20	V DC or V AC
Rated voltage		V _R	12	V DC or V AC
Switching cycles		N	100	
Reference temperature	(typ.)	T _{ref}	160	°C
Tolerance of R _R		ΔR_{R}	±25	%
Operating temperature range	(V = 0)	T _{op}	-40/+125	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_{max})$	Top	-40/+85	°C



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Туре	I _R	I _s	I _{Smax}	l _r	l _r	R _R	R _{min}	Ordering code
			$(V = V_{max})$	(typ.)	(typ.)			
				$(V = V_{max})$	$(V = V_R)$			
	mA	mA	А	mA	mA	Ω	Ω	
C935	2100	4150	10.0	240	380	0.3	0.2	B59935C0160A070
C945	1500	3050	8.0	170	270	0.45	0.3	B59945C0160A070
C955	950	1900	5.5	120	190	0.8	0.5	B59955C0160A070
C965	700	1450	4.3	105	165	1.2	0.7	B59965C0160A070
C975	550	1100	3.0	85	135	1.8	1.1	B59975C0160A070
C985	300	600	1.0	65	100	4.6	2.7	B59985C0160A070
C995	150	300	0.7	40	65	13	7.8	B59995C0160A070

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

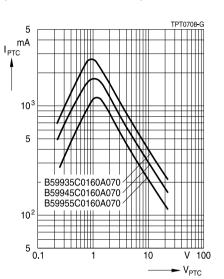
Reliability data

Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, I _{Smax} ; V _{max}	< 25%
cycling		Number of cycles: 100	
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} /T _{op,max} (V _{max})	< 25%
constant		Test duration: 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_1 = T_{op,min} (0 V), T_2 = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, Test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz	< 5%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: 3×2 h	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-6, Test Fc	
Shock	IEC 60738-1	Acceleration: 390 m/s ²	< 5%
		Pulse duration: 6 ms; 6×4000 pulses	
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: $T = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
		Test duration: 16 h	
		Damp heat first cycle	
		Cold: $T = T_{op,min} (0 V)$	
		Test duration: 2 h	
		Damp heat 5 cycles	
		Tests performed according to	
		IEC 60068-2-30	

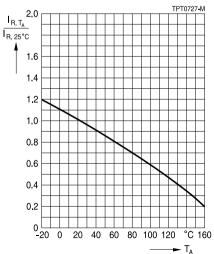
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PTC current IPTC versus PTC voltage VPTC (measured at 25 °C in still air)



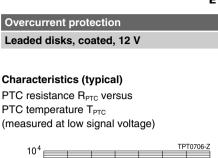
Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A (measured in still air)

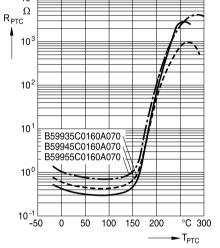


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Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)

TPT0707-8 10³ s ts 10² B59935C0160A070 B59945C0160A070 B59955C0160A070 10¹ 10⁰ 10⁻¹ 0 8 16 24 32 40 A 48 ►l_s







Characteristics (typical) PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

PTC temperature T_{PTC}

10⁶

Ω R_{PTC} ↓ 10⁵

10⁴

 10^{3}

10²

10¹

10⁰

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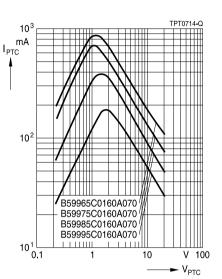
(measured at low signal voltage)

B59965C0160A070

B59975C0160A070 B59985C0160A070 B59995C0160A070 PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)

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TPT0712-9



Switching time t_{s} versus switching current I_{s} (measured at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)

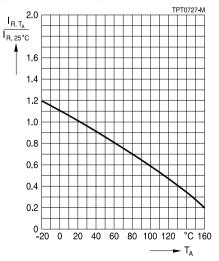
50 100 150

200

°C 300

TPT07<u>13-H</u> 10³ s ts 10² B59965C0160A070 B59975C0160A070 B59985C0160A070 10¹ B59995C0160A070 100 10⁻¹ ō 2 4 A 8 6 -I_s

Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A (measured in still air)





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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 0402, 0603, 0805 and 1210: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

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Symbols	and	terms
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A	Area
C _{th}	Heat capacity
f	Frequency
I	Current
I _{max}	Maximum current
I _R	Rated current
I _{PTC}	PTC current
l _r	Residual currrent
I _{r,oil}	Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors)
I _{r,air}	Residual currrent in air (for level sensors)
I _{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of current
ls	Switching current
I _{Smax}	Maximum switching current
LCT	Lower category temperature
Ν	Number (integer)
N _c	Operating cycles at V_{max} , charging of capacitor
N _f	Switching cycles at V_{max} , failure mode
Р	Power
P ₂₅	Maximum power at 25 °C
P _{el}	Electrical power
P _{diss}	Dissipation power
R _{min}	Minimum resistance
R _R	Rated resistance
ΔR_R	Tolerance of R _R
R _P	Parallel resistance
R _{PTC}	PTC resistance
R _{ref}	Reference resistance
Rs	Series resistance
R ₂₅	Resistance at 25 °C
R _{25,match}	Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 $^\circ \text{C}$
ΔR_{25}	Tolerance of R ₂₅
Т	Temperature
t	Time
T _A	Ambient temperature
t _a	Thermal threshold time
Tc	Ferroelectric Curie temperature



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T _R	Rated temperature
T_{sense}	Sensing temperature
T _{op}	Operating temperature
T _{PTC}	PTC temperature
t _R	Response time
T _{ref}	Reference temperature
T _{Rmin}	Temperature at minimum resistance
t _s	Switching time
T _{surf}	Surface temperature
UCT	Upper category temperature
V or V_{el}	Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)
V _{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of voltage
V _{BD}	Breakdown voltage
V _{ins}	Insulation test voltage
$V_{\text{link,max}}$	Maximum link voltage
V _{max}	Maximum operating voltage
$V_{max,dyn}$	Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage
V _{meas}	Measuring voltage
$V_{\text{meas},\text{max}}$	Maximum measuring voltage
V _R	Rated voltage
V _{PTC}	Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor
α	Temperature coefficient
Δ	Tolerance, change
δ_{th}	Dissipation factor
$ au_{th}$	Thermal cooling time constant

Settling time (for level sensors)

- λ Failure rate
- е Lead spacing (in mm)

Abbreviations / Notes

SMD Surface-mount devices

* To be replaced by a number in ordering codes, type designations etc.

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+ To be replaced by a letter

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.



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- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
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